Engaging in Adaptation

THE IMPORTANCE OF PUBLIC ENGAGEMENT WHEN PLANNING FOR ADAPTATION AND PRESERVATION

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TOWN OF PROVINCETOWN

THE ROAD TO NOW...

- Coastal Resiliency: Climate Adaptation Planning for Provincetown's Historic District
 - Tufts UEP Field Projects 2021
 - Dunlevy | Francis | Gorman | Koncewicz | Petro | Rooney
 - May 14, 2021
- Provincetown 2021 Hazard Mitigation Plan
- ▶ 2023-2024 Public Resilience Forums
- Development of Town-wide Coastal Resilience Plan began May 2024 with SCAPE, WHG, and EDR – final plan will be published later this month

Engagement before the Plan

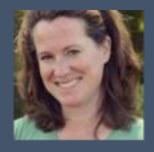


Sherry Prada Public Works Deputy Director Emergency Management Coordinator

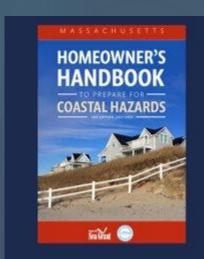
Jim Vincent Public Works Director

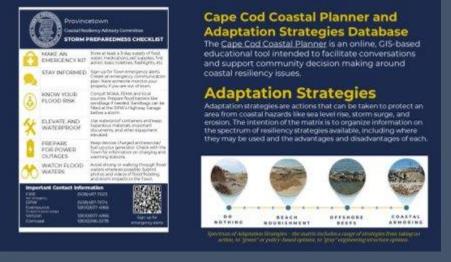


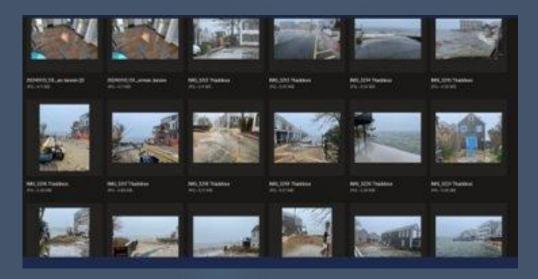
Shelly McComb Cape Cod Cooperative Extension Woods Hole Sea Grant Coastal Resilience Specialist



Kalliope Chute
Cape Cod Cooperative Extension
Hazardous Materials Environmental
Specialist
Cape Cod Groundwater Guardian







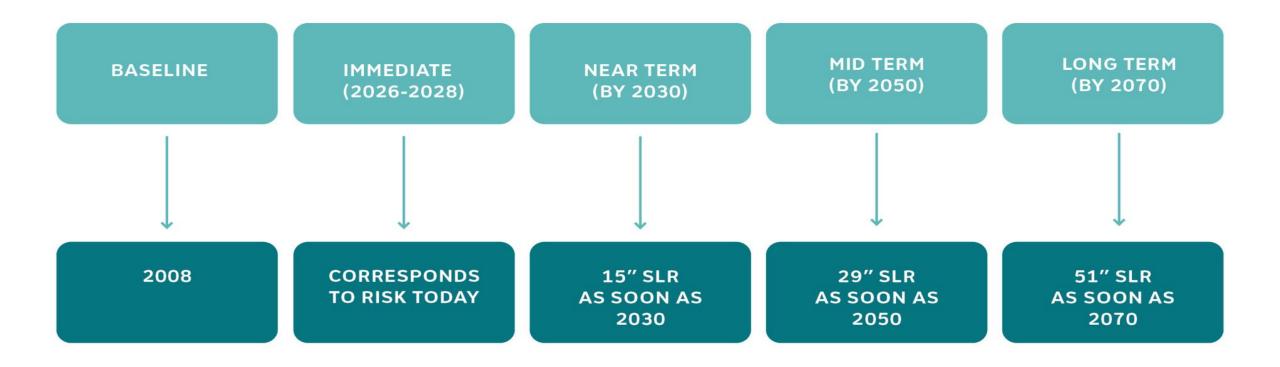
ENGAGEMENT TIMELINE



PROJECT PURPOSE & GOALS

	DESIGN LIFE & ADAPTABILITY	Does the strategy reduce flood/erosion risk for public infrastructure and critical Town assets? Does the strategy reduce flood/erosion risk for residents? Does the strategy reduce risk from high tide flooding? Does the strategy reduce risk from storm event flooding? Does the strategy reduce risk from stormwater flooding? Does the strategy reduce risk from address erosion?
	FEASIBILITY	Is the strategy constructable/implementable? Can the strategy be permitted under current state and local regulations? Are the strategies free from operations or maintenance requirements?
Total	ENVIRONMENTAL & PUBLIC HEALTH BENEFITS	Does the strategy provide water and air quality benefits? Does the strategy create or protect habitat? Does the strategy provide public health benefits?
	PROVINCETOWN'S UNIQUE CHARACTER	Does the strategy reduce risk for local historic and cultural assets? Does the strategy consistent with community character?
	SOCIAL EQUITY & QUALITY OF LIFE	Does the strategy provide recreational benefits? Does the strategy provide equitable benefits to all segments of the population?
****	ECONOMIC BENEFITS	Does the strategy positively impact the tourism industry? Does the strategy positively impact property values?

ADAPTATION TIME HORIZONS



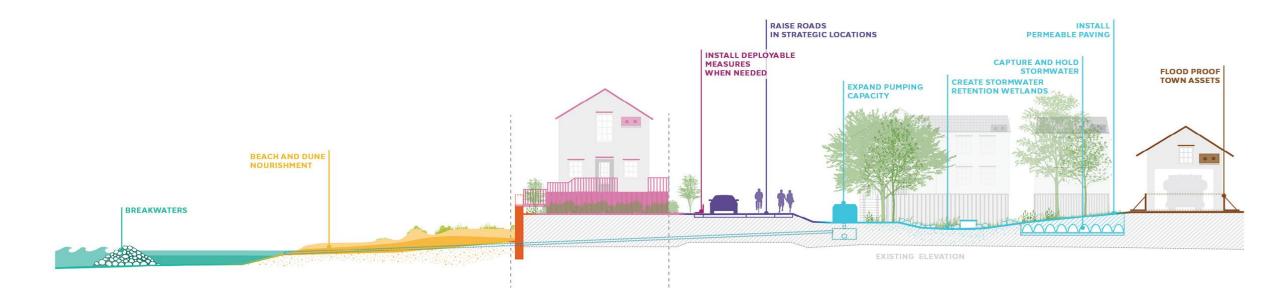
SLR = SEA LEVEL RISE

A FLEXIBLE AND LAYERED APPROACH

PUBLIC BULKHEADS,

SEAWALLS, &

REVETMENTS ADAPTATION



BUILDING-LEVEL

ADAPTATION

ROAD

RAISING

STORMWATER

SYSTEM UPGRADES

DEPLOYABLE

MEASURES

NATURE-BASED

SHORELINE

ENHANCEMENTS

WAVE

ATTENUATION

STRATEGIES

ADDITIONAL

STRATEGIES FOR

CRITICAL TOWN ASSETS

A FLEXIBLE AND LAYERED APPROACH





HAZARDS ADDRESSED: STORM EVENT FLOODING / COASTAL EROSION

Wave attenuation structures are designed to reduce the energy and impact of waves on coastal areas. These features can take many forms, including floating barriers, offshore breakwaters, living breakwaters or reefs, and redesigned structured shorelines. Typically installed offshore, they work by reflecting and dissipating wave energy before it reaches the shore.



NB NATURE-BASED SHORELINE ENHANCEMENTS

HAZARDS ADDRESSED: HIGH TIDE FLOODING / STORM EVENT FLOODING / COASTAL EROSION



BH RAISE TOWN-OWNED BULKHEADS, REVETMENTS & SEAWALLS

HAZARDS ADDRESSED: HIGH TIDE FLOODING / STORM EVENT FLOODING / COASTAL EROSION



DM DEPLOYABLE MEASURES

HAZARDS ADDRESSED: STORM EVENT FLOODING/STORMWATER FLOODING

Nature-based strategies—such as beach nourishment, dune enhancement, and tidal marsh restoration—can help strengthen Provincetown's shoreline resilience while providing important ecological benefits. Beach nourishment involves adding compatible sand to widen and elevate the beach profile. Dune enhancement supports the health and growth of existing dune systems through planting native beach grasses, installing sand fencing, and modifying access pathways to allow natural dune movement. Tidal marsh restoration focuses on improving tidal exchange (or "flushing") in marshes where hydrology has been

Bulkheads and seawalls are engineered structures that protect shorelines by resisting erosion and coastal flooding. In Provincetown, the Town owns only a limited portion of these structures, as most are privately owned and maintained. Where the Town does have jurisdiction, it should raise its bulkheads and seawalls in alignment with the elevation guidance recommended for private property owners.

Deployable flood barriers are temporary flood protection measures designed to be installed in advance of an anticipated flood event. Some systems are manually placed, while others can be automatically activated as storms approach. While these solutions offer flexibility, they can also present operational challenges, including limited nearby storage options and significant staffing requirements, which can be costly.



ROAD RAISING

HAZARDS ADDRESSED: HIGH TIDE FLOODING / STORM EVENT FLOODING / STORMWATER

Raising low-lying sections of town-owned roadways to help prevent service disruptions and maintain access to key areas during high tides and flood events.



SW STORMWATER SYSTEM UPGRADES HAZARDS ADDRESSED: STORMWATER FLOODING

restricted by development.

Stormwater system upgrades are intended to mitigate stormwater and compound flooding. They can be green or grey infrastructure and include measures to capture and infiltrate, convey, store, or discharge stormwater as well as measures to prevent coastal flooding from inundating the stormwater system.

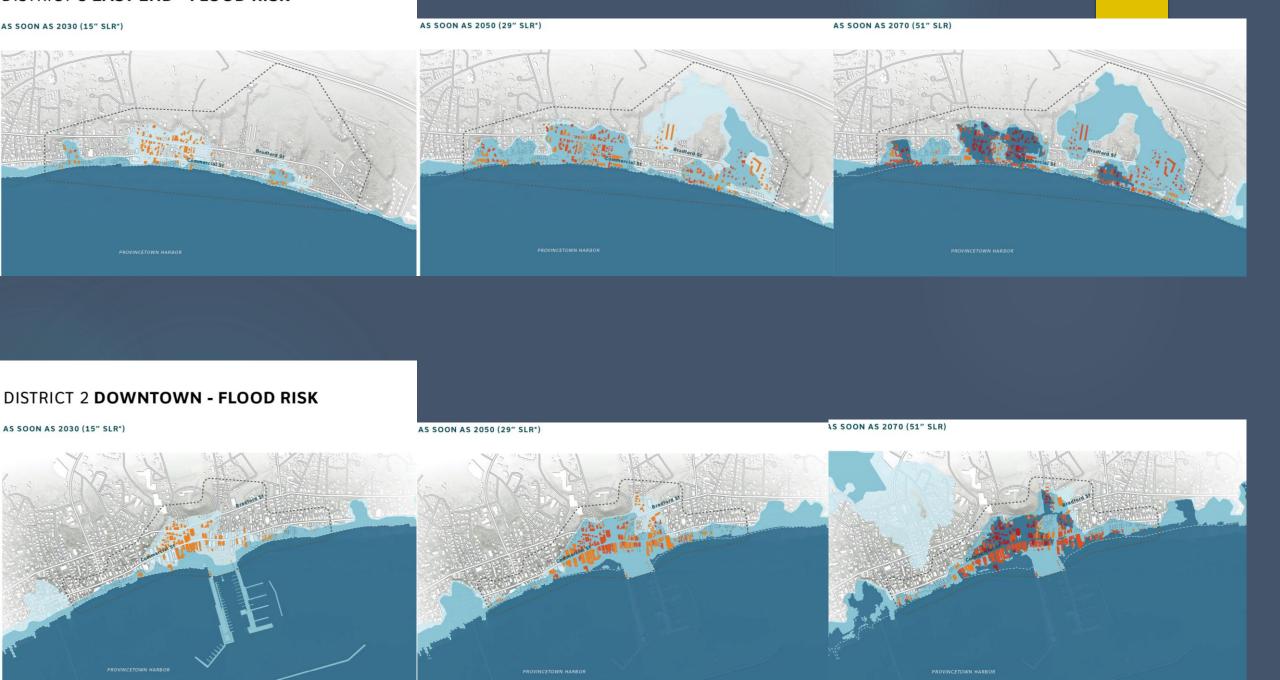


ADDITIONAL STRATEGIES FOR CRITICAL TOWN ASSETS

HAZARDS ADDRESSED: HIGH TIDE FLOODING / STORM EVENT FLOODING / STORMWATER FLOODING

Adapt municipal properties and assets, such as Town Hall, fire stations, sewer and stormwater pump stations, and other lowlying municipal facilities, to reduce potential future damage and ensure they remain functional during storm events.

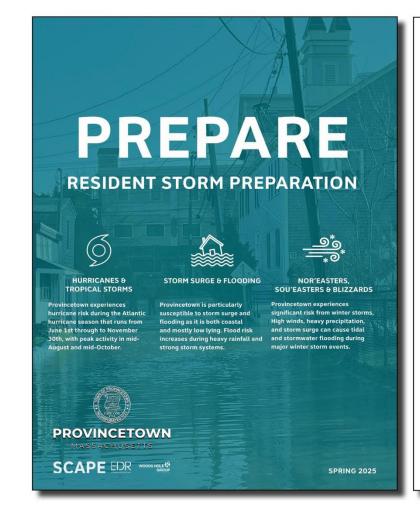
DISTRICT 3 EAST END - FLOOD RISK



PREPARE: RESIDENT STORM PREPARATION

PROVIDES RESIDENTS WITH IMPORTANT INFORMATION TO:

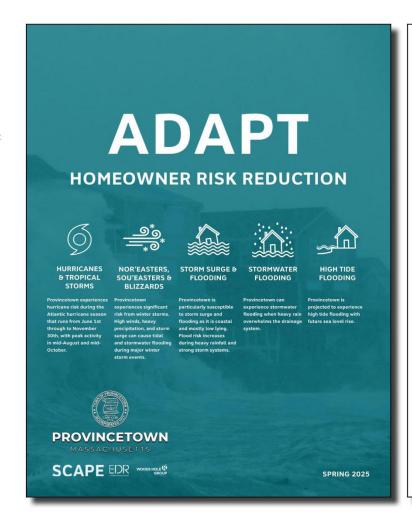
- · Determine their flood risk.
- · Prepare their property.
- · Protect their family.
- · Act after a storm.

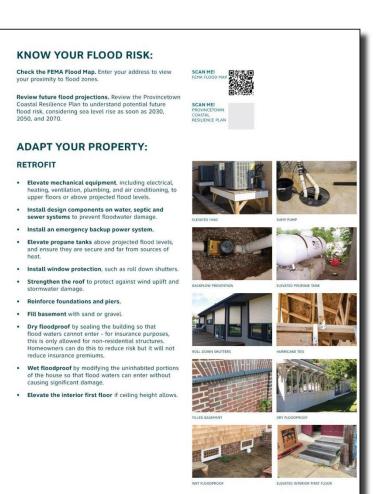




ADAPT: HOMEOWNER RISK REDUCTION

- Educates homeowners on how to adapt their property to be better prepared for major storms and flood events.
- Outlines the best practices for adapting private property, including: retrofitting property; elevating structures; elevating bulkheads and sea walls; capturing, absorbing, and storing stormwater; and deploying flood barriers.





Thank you!

To see the final plan and get updates and information on Resilience projects in Provincetown, use this QR code:



https://www.provincetown-ma.gov/2517/Coastal-Resiliency-Information